

CC Inclusive Cross Section

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CC Inclusive Cross Section

- Motivation and challenges,
- CC inclusive sample,
- Event reconstruction,
- Systematics,
- Conclusions.



CC Inclusive Cross Section Motivation

Why bother? Can't we just add CCQE, CCPip and CCPi0?

- Yes, we can add the cross sections, but we'll be adding the systematics as well.
- Complicated model dependent correlations - each of the exclusive channels is a background for the others through FSI model.

It's important to have a full suite of cross section measurements from one experiment – same flux systematics.

- very useful for MC model tuning.



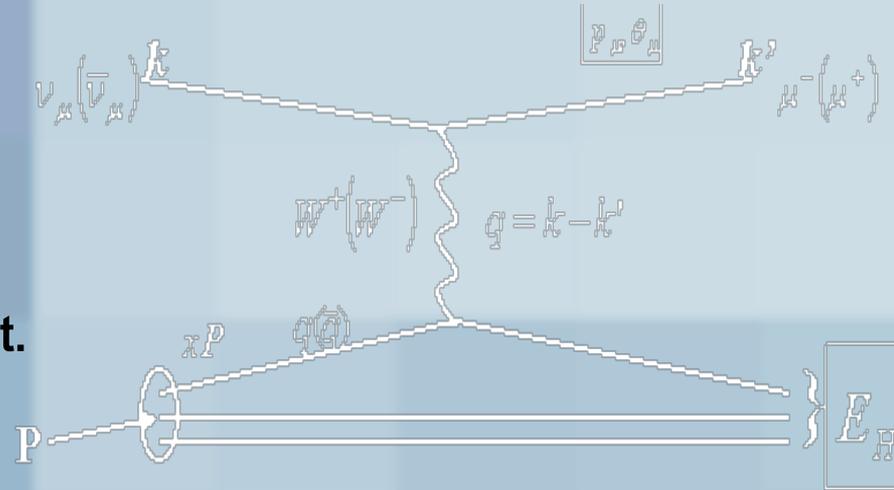
CC Inclusive Cross Section Challenges

We can reconstruct muon kinematics.

Conventionally E_{HAD} is reconstructed - allows reconstruction of the whole event.

However:

- low multiplicity final states – difficult to reconstruct hadronic energy,
- brute force - run all dedicated fitters on all events – will take forever.



CC Inclusive Sample

- events with 2 or more subevents,
- Veto hits < 6 on all subevents,
- Tank hits < 200 on all, but the first subevent,
- Tank hits > 200 on the first subevent.

Expected more than 400k events.

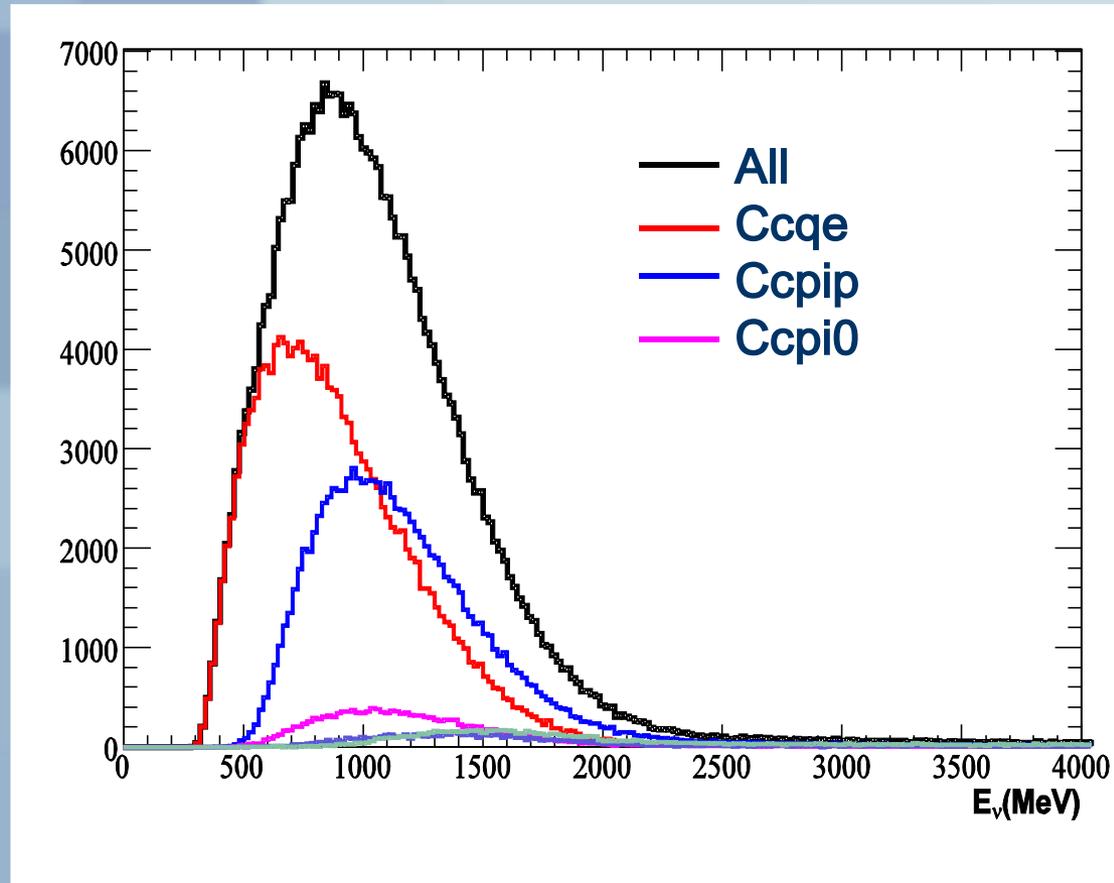
CCQE – 52%

CCpip – 36%

CCpi0 – 5%

Other CC – 4%

NC – 3%



CC Inclusive Reconstruction

Reconstruction of the lepton vertex:

- we have the muon kinematics from the OneTrack fit,
- we can reconstruct the neutrino energy instead,
- using MB detector as a calorimeter,
- neutrino deposits all of its energy in the tank for CC interaction,
- we can use the scintillation light to get the neutrino energy – calorimeter.



CC Inclusive Reconstruction – Stancu

Calculating the scintillation fraction:

$$t_{\text{cor}} < 5\text{ns}$$

$$t_{\text{cor}} = t_{\text{rec}} - \text{dist} / \text{cn_light_sf} - t_{\text{vert}}$$

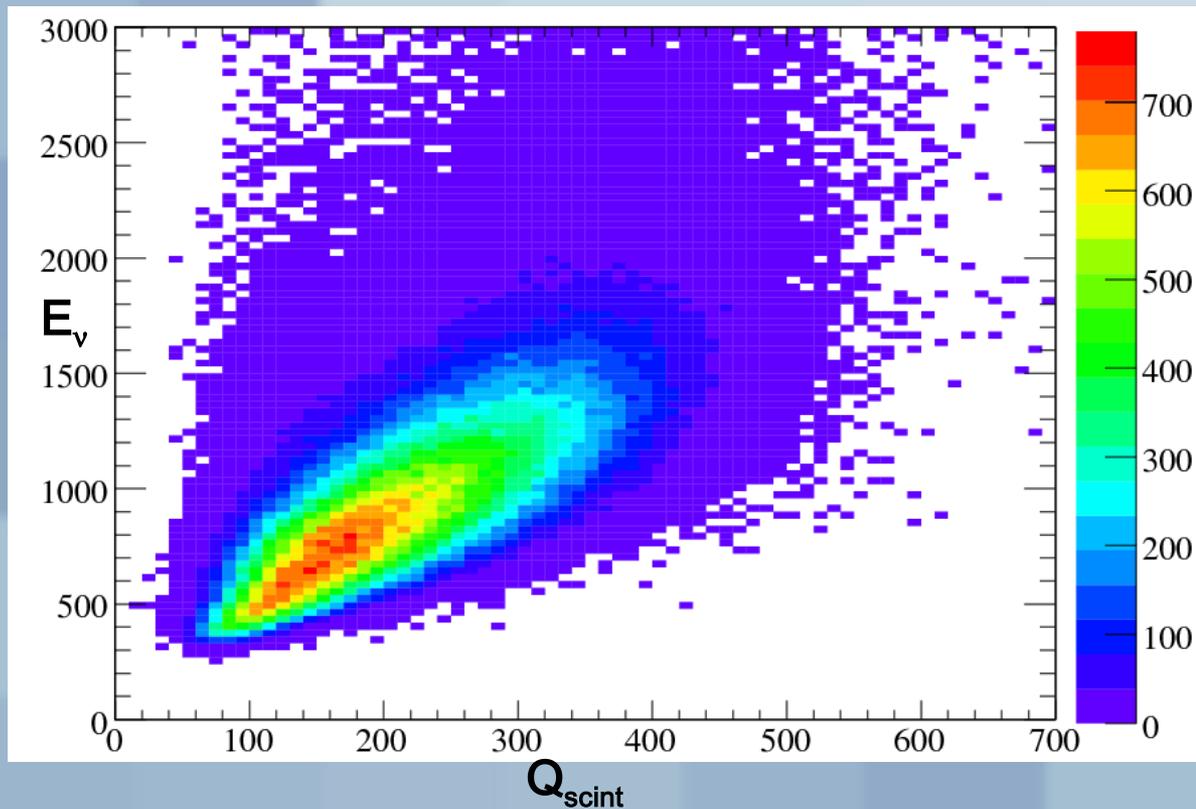
using StancuFull_Fqlt05

Scintillation charge =

$$Q_{\text{tot}} * (1 - \text{StancuFull_Fqlt05})$$

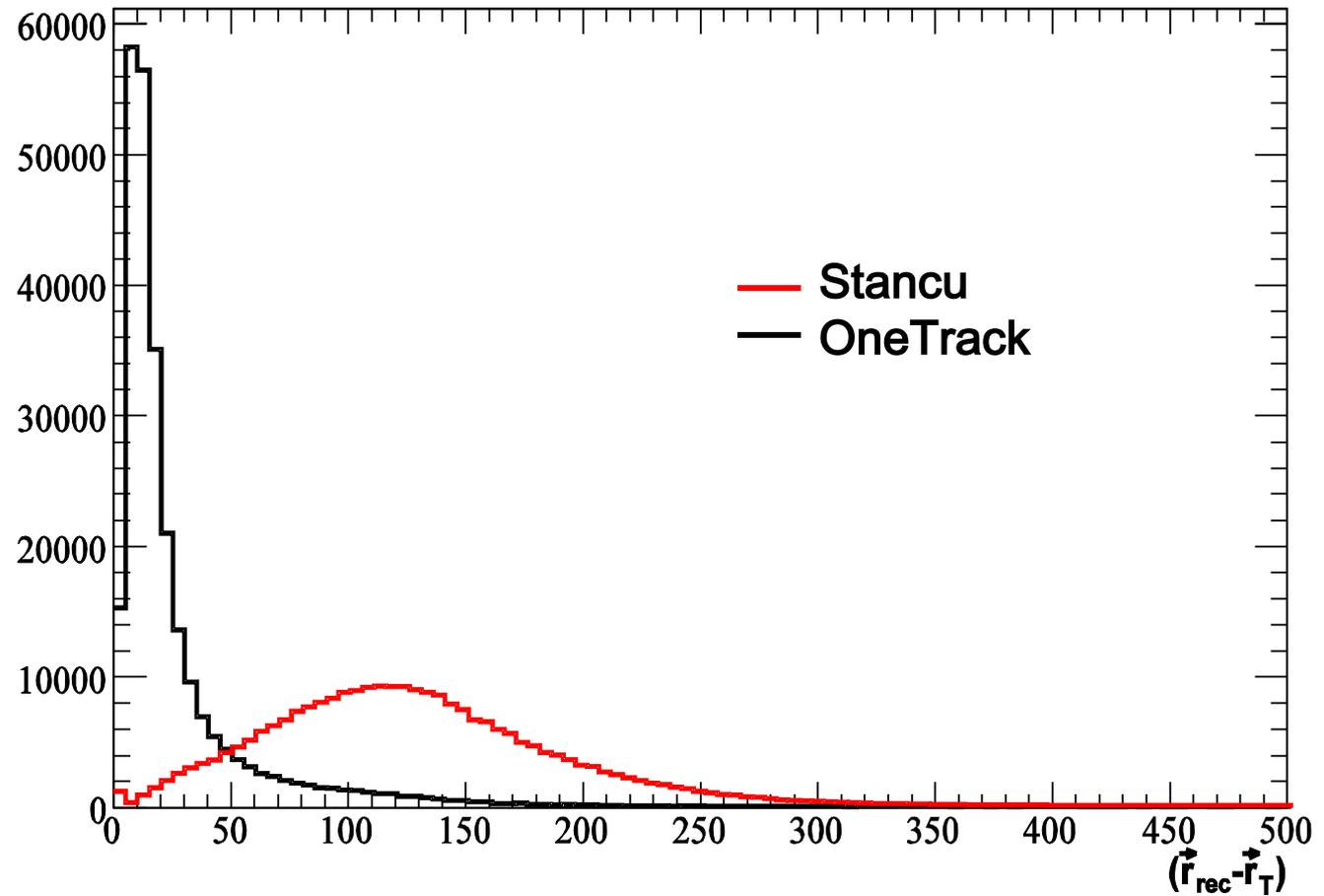
Find the correlation function $\rightarrow E_{\nu}$

- 33% resolution

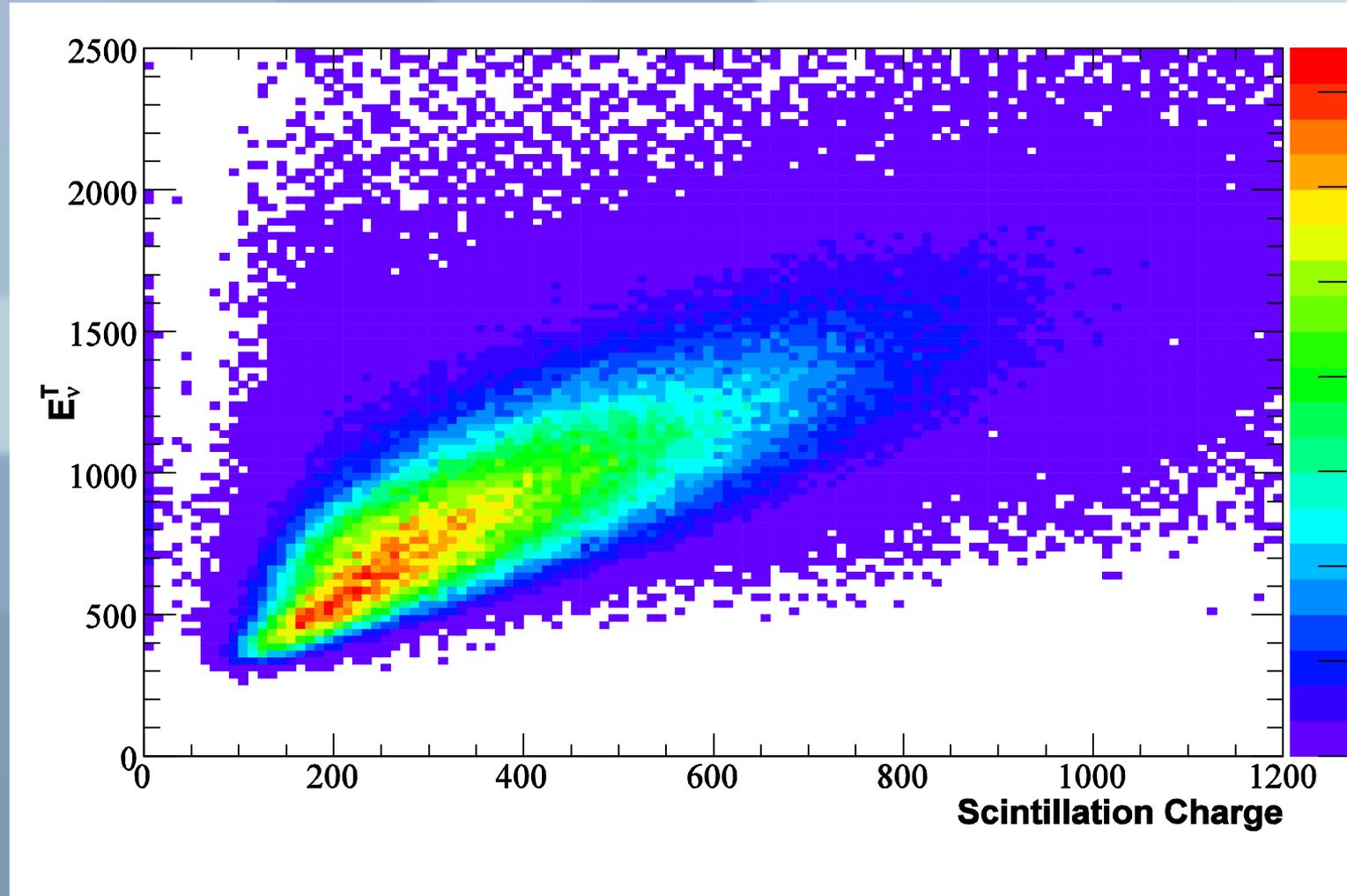


CC Inclusive Reconstruction – Vertex Resolution

- Stancu fit has bad vertex resolution,
- OneTrack fit is much better,
- repeat procedure for OneTrack.



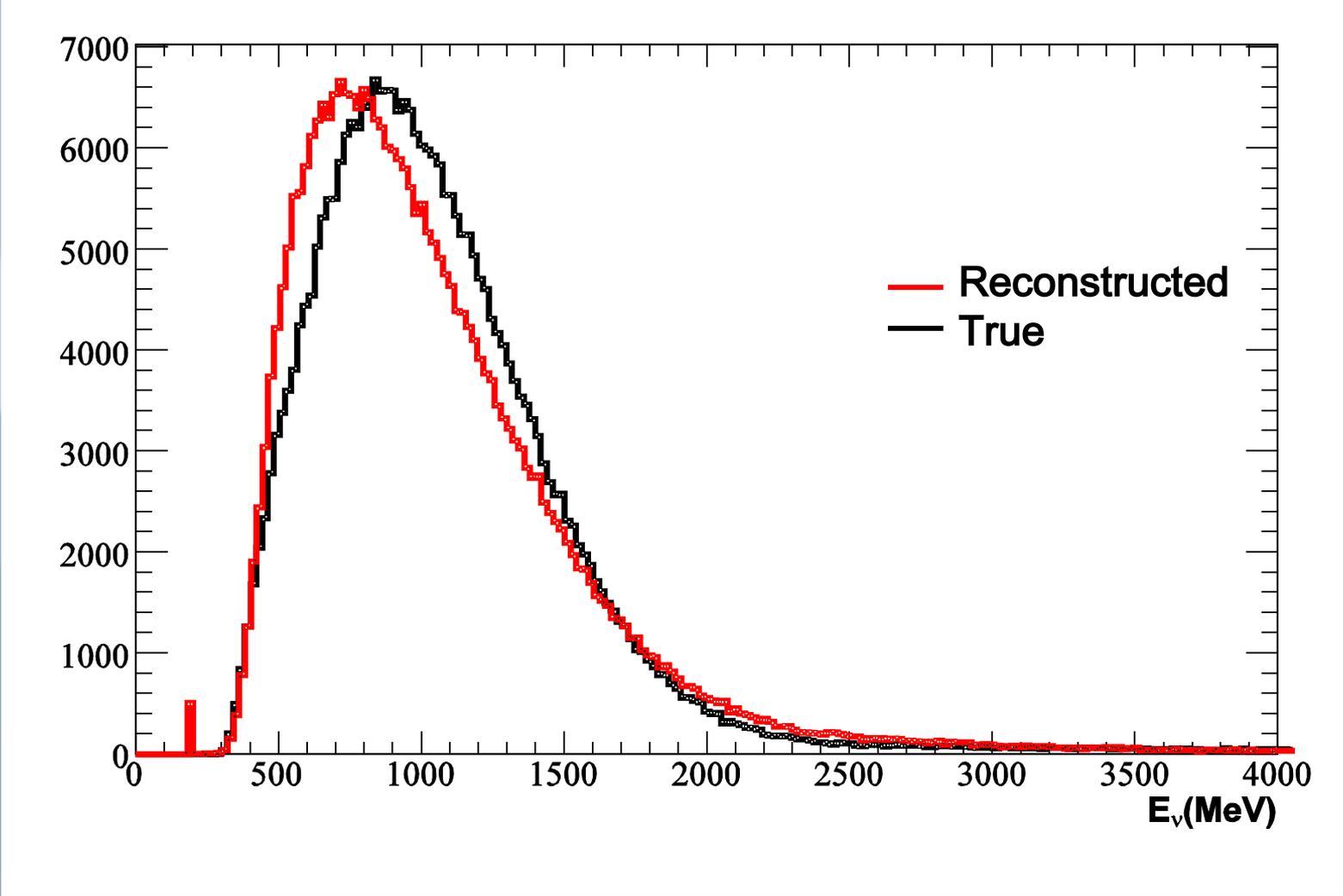
CC Inclusive Reconstruction - OneTrack



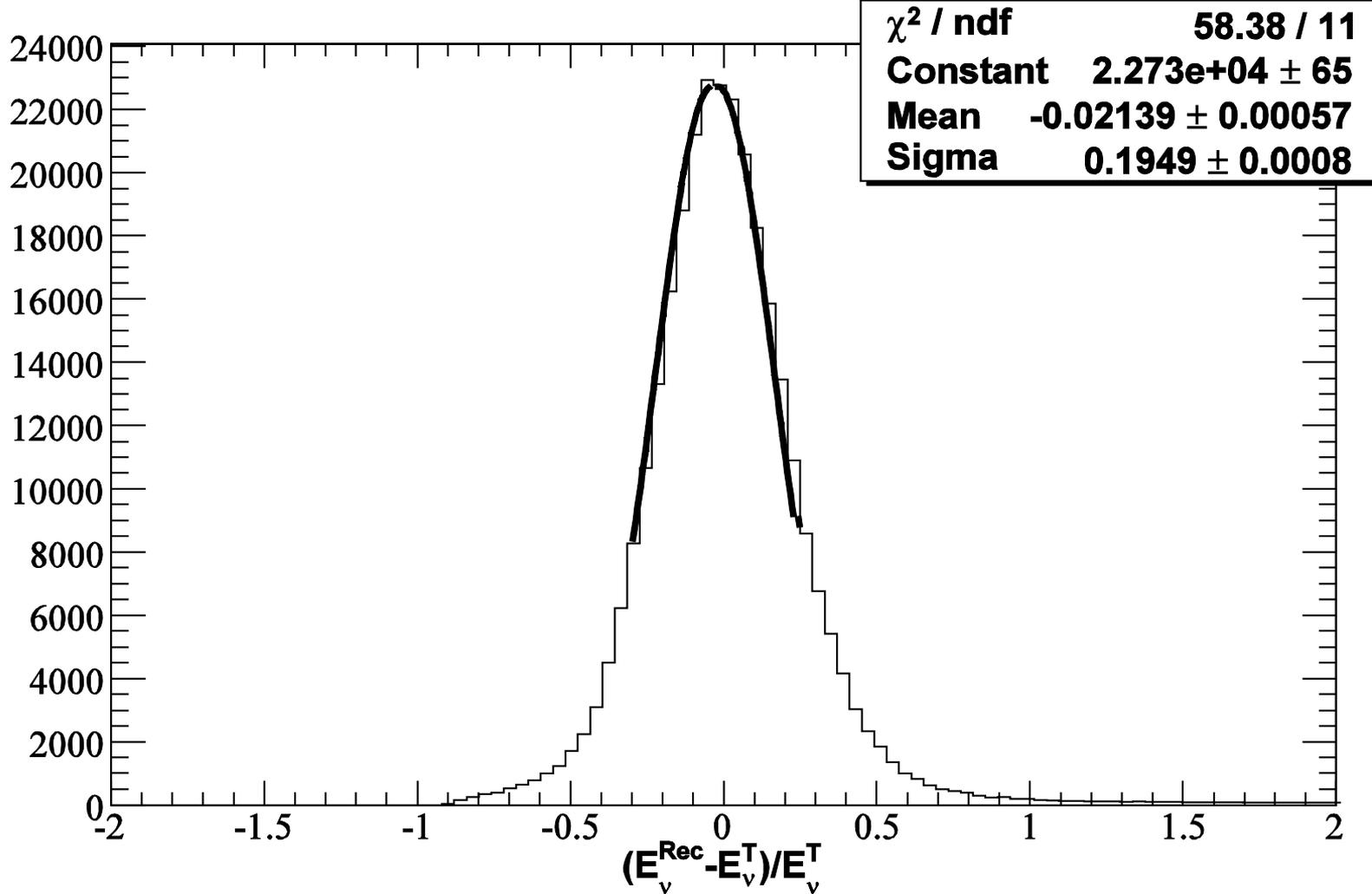
$$E_v = 1.7576 Q_{\text{scint}} + 81.446 + m_\mu + (SE-1)m_\pi$$



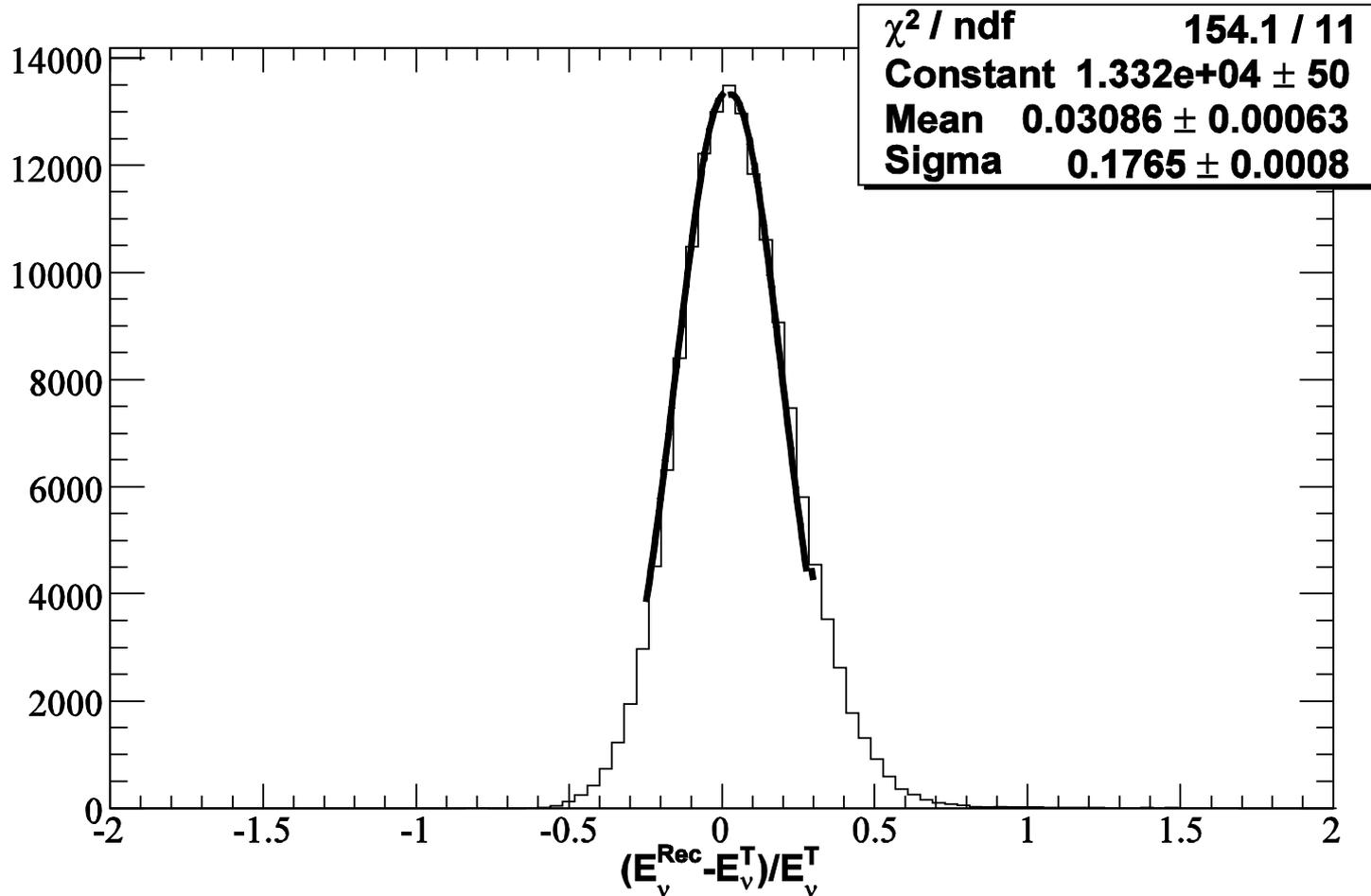
CC Inclusive Reconstruction - E_ν



CC Inclusive Reconstruction- E_ν Resolution



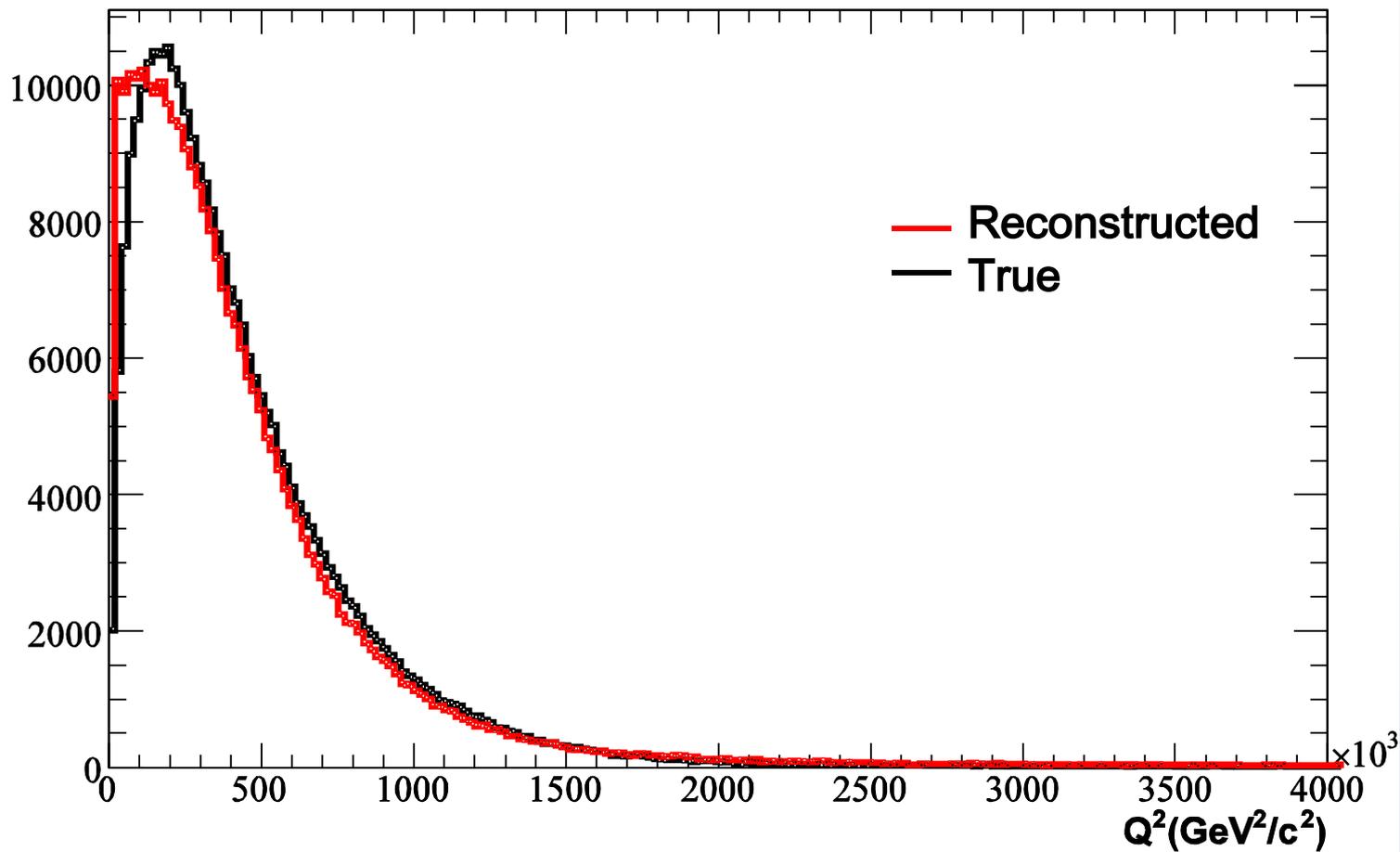
CC Inclusive Reconstruction- E_ν Resolution for CCQE



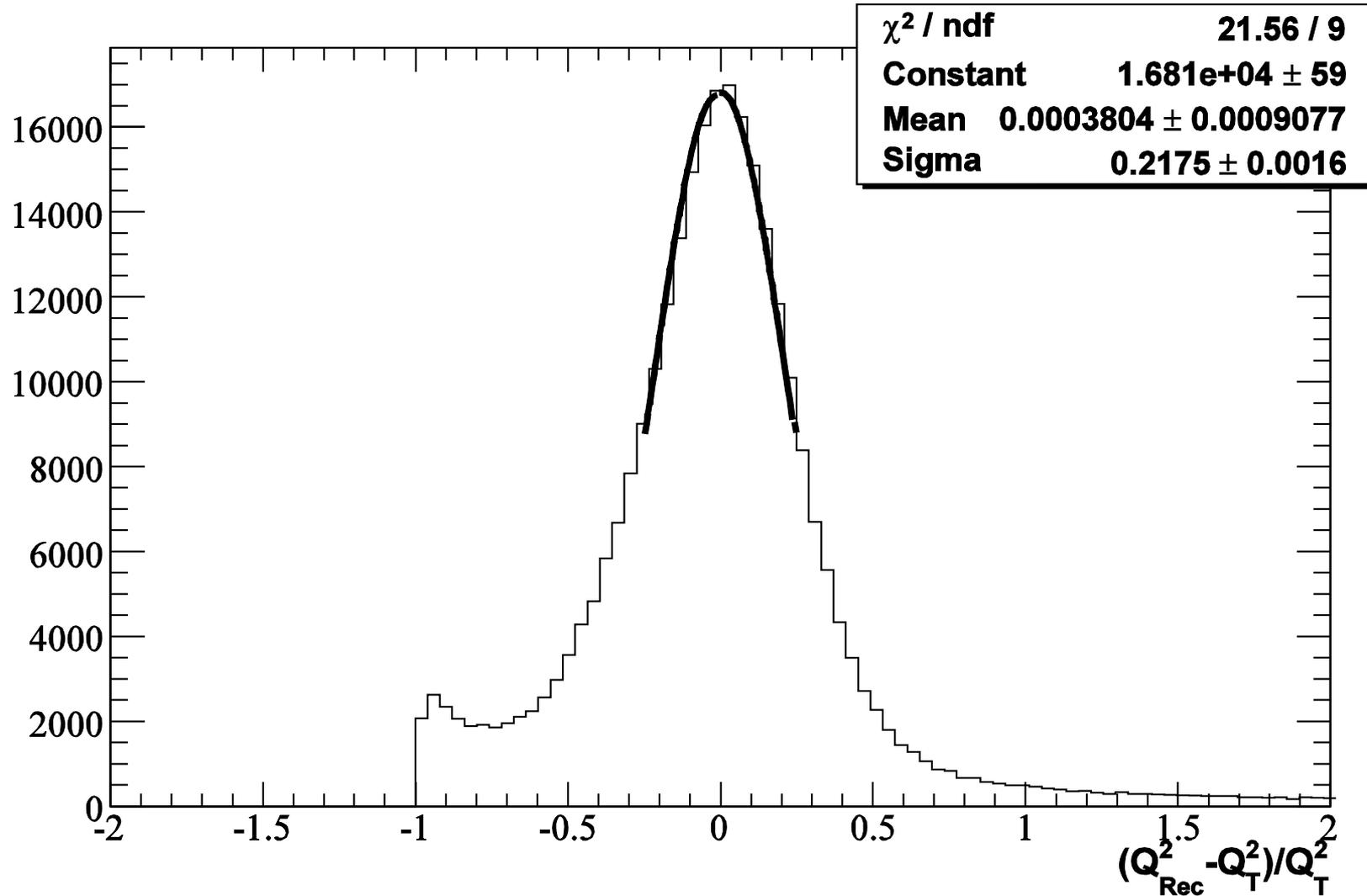
17% resolution for CCQE and CCpip– comparable to CCQE and CCpip Analysis (15%)



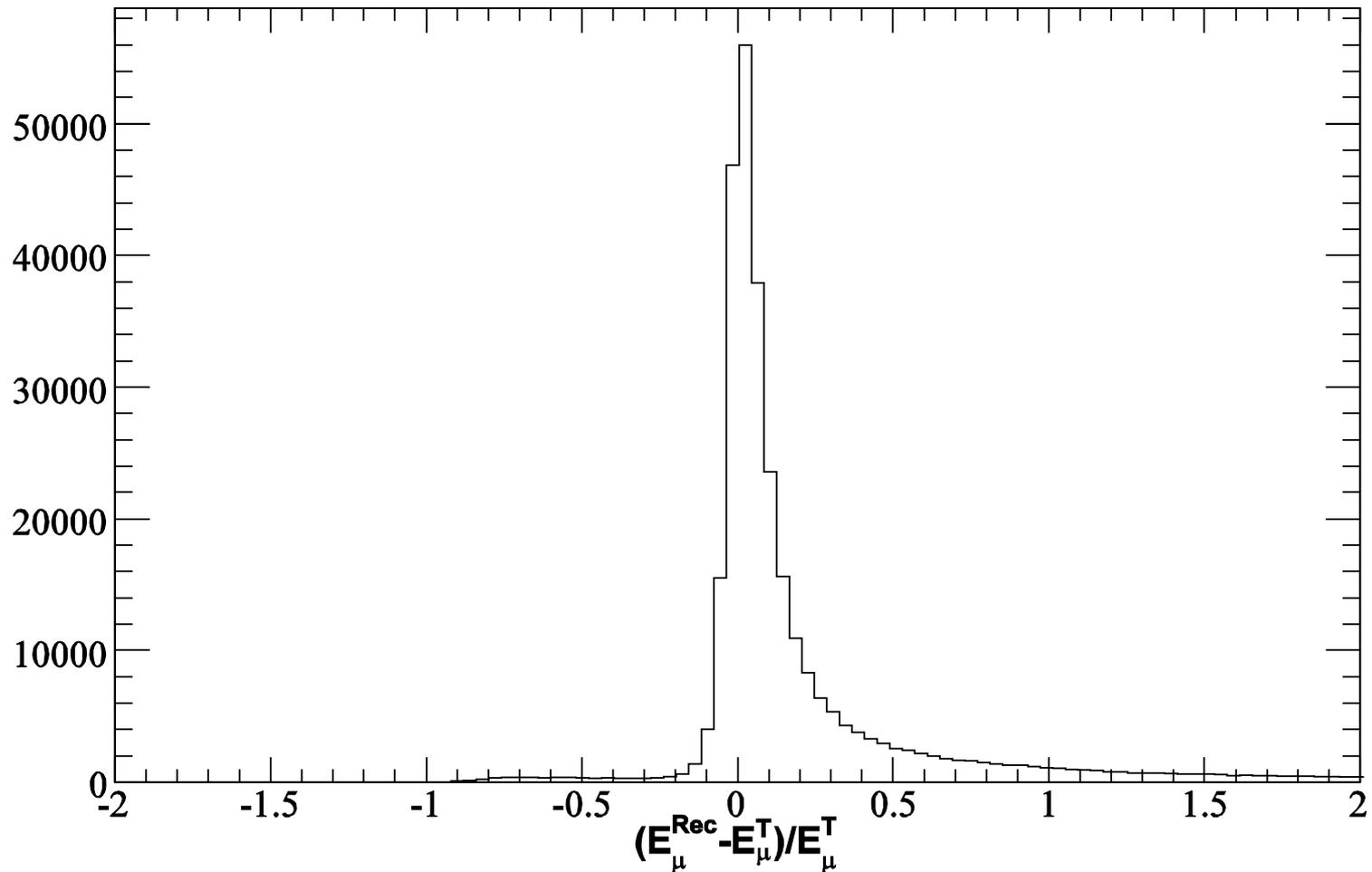
CC Inclusive Reconstruction- Q^2



CC Inclusive Reconstruction- Q^2 Resolution



CC Inclusive Reconstruction- E_μ Resolution

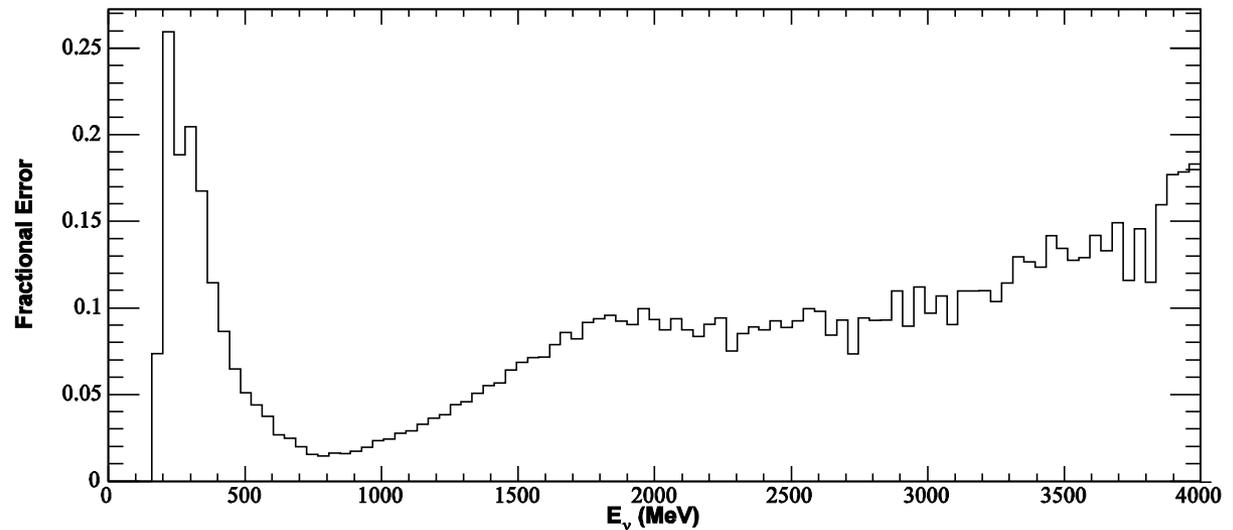
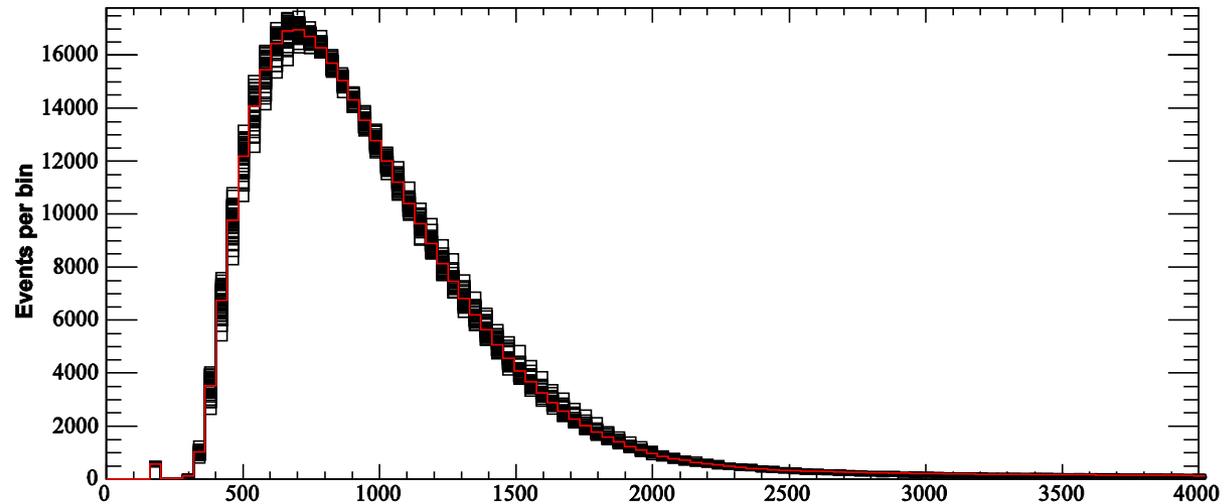


For non-CCQE events OneTrack over-predicts the muon energy—more light from other rings. 5% resolution in the peak.



CC Inclusive Reconstruction- OM Multisims

- large error below 400MeV (expected)
- small error within (400 – 1800) MeV



Conclusions

- CC inclusive measurement is possible,
right now – 20% resolution for E_ν
22% resolution for Q^2
6% resolution E_μ
- new fitter (2 or 3 ring) to improve both muon energy
and vertex reconstruction for non-CCQE like events,
- new measurement with different systematics than
the exclusive cross section measurements.
- low background – 3% NC.

